

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue Date 13-Apr-2011

Revision Date 10-May-2013

Version 1

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name Teets Cold Cure Denture Material Liquid
Methyl Methacrylate Monomer-Stabilized

Other Means of Identification

SDS # COI-001

UN/ID No UN1247

Synonyms TEETS Cold Cure Denture Material Liquid Self Curing Denture Material Liquid Methacrylate Monomer

Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restrictions on Use

Recommended Use Fabrication of dentures.

Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Supplier Address

Co-Oral-ite Dental Mfg. Co.
6635 Merchandise Way
Diamond Springs, CA 95619

Emergency Telephone Number

Company Phone Number 530-621-4913
Emergency Telephone INFOTRAC 1-352-323-3500 (International)
1-800-535-5053 (North America)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2
Skin sensitization	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Flammable liquids	Category 2

Signal Word

Warning

Hazard Statements

Causes skin irritation
Causes serious eye irritation
May cause an allergic skin reaction
May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness
Highly flammable liquid and vapor



Appearance Clear mobile liquid

Physical State Liquid

Odor Characteristic Strong Acrid

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking
 Keep container tightly closed
 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
 Use explosion-proof equipment
 Use only non-sparking tools
 Take precautionary measures against static discharge
 Keep cool
 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
 Get medical attention if irritation occurs
 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
 In case of fire: Use CO₂, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
 Store locked up

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

May be harmful in contact with skin

Other Hazards

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
 Harmful to aquatic life

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Synonyms TEETS Cold Cure Denture Material Liquid Self Curing Denture Material Liquid Methacrylate Monomer.

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%
Methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	>98

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or Poison Control Center.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, both Acute and Delayed**Symptoms**

May cause skin irritation with redness and swelling. Eyes may have symptoms of redness, itching, irritation and watering from overexposure. May cause irritation to the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Prolonged breathing of vapors may cause nausea, headache, weakness and/or dizziness. Temporary sensory nervous system effects such as coldness or numbness of the extremities can occur, as well as abnormal kidney function tests and temporary elevation of blood pressure.

Indication of any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed**Note to Physicians**

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Foam. Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Not determined.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Sealed containers exposed to elevated temperatures may rupture explosively due to polymerization. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along ground to ignition sources and flash back. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Sealed containers may rupture when heated.

Hazardous Combustion Products Carbon oxides.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures****Personal Precautions**

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate affected area. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Environmental Precautions

Prevent product from entering drains.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up**Methods for Containment**

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for Cleaning Up

Take up with sand or other non-combustible absorbent material and place into containers for later disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Advice on Safe Handling

Wash face, hands, and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Observe precautions found on the label. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Storage Conditions

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Store away from heat, sparks, flame. Protect from direct sunlight. Maintain air space inside storage containers.

Packaging Materials

Keep in original container. Material is a strong solvent and can soften paints and rubber.

Incompatible Materials

Oxidizing agents. Reducing agent.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Methyl methacrylate 80-62-6	STEL: 100 ppm TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 410 mg/m ³ (vacated) TWA: 100 ppm (vacated) TWA: 410 mg/m ³	IDLH: 1000 ppm TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 410 mg/m ³

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Engineering Controls

Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

Individual Protection Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection

Safety glasses. Use chemical safety goggles and/or full-face shield where splashing is possible.

Skin and Body Protection

Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact. Nitrile rubber is better than PVC.

Respiratory Protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. A NIOSH-approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge may be necessary under circumstances where concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	Liquid	Odor	Characteristic Strong
Appearance	Clear mobile liquid		Acrid
Color	Clear	Odor Threshold	0.5-1.0 ppm

<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>	<u>Remarks • Method</u>
pH	Not determined	
Melting Point/Freezing Point	-48 °C / 54.4 °F	
Boiling Point/Boiling Range	100.5 °C / 212.9 °F	(at 760 mm Hg)
Flash Point	11.5 °C / 52.7 °F	
Evaporation Rate	Not determined	
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	n/a-liquid	
Upper Flammability Limits	12.5%	
Lower Flammability Limit	2.1%	
Vapor Pressure	28 mm Hg	@ 20°C (68°F)
Vapor Density	3.5	(Air=1) @ 15.5°C
Specific Gravity	Not determined	
Water Solubility	1.6%	@20°C
Solubility in Other Solvents	Not determined	
Partition Coefficient	1.38	
Autoignition Temperature	421 °C / 790 °F	
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined	
Kinematic Viscosity	Not determined	
Dynamic Viscosity	Not determined	
Explosive Properties	Not determined	
Oxidizing Properties	Not determined	
Density	0.949 g/mL @ 20°C	

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

Chemical Stability

Unstable with heat.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Hazardous Polymerization

Hazardous polymerization may occur. Conditions to avoid for hazardous polymerization: Excessive heat, storage in absence of inhibitor, inadvertent addition of catalyst. Contamination of product may also cause hazardous polymerization.

Conditions to Avoid

Keep out of reach of children.

Incompatible Materials

Oxidizing agents. Reducing agent.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Decomposes with heat. Hazardous gases and vapors produced are carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and smoke.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure

Product Information

Eye Contact

Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Contact

Causes skin irritation. May be harmful in contact with skin. May cause allergic skin reaction.

Inhalation

Avoid breathing vapors or mists.

Ingestion

Do not taste or swallow.

Component Information

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Methyl methacrylate 80-62-6	= 7872 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5 g/kg (Rabbit)	= 4632 ppm (Rat) 4 h = 400 ppm (Rat) 1 h

Information on Physical, Chemical and Toxicological Effects

Symptoms Please see section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

Delayed and Immediate Effects as well as Chronic Effects from Short and Long-term Exposure

Carcinogenicity Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Methyl methacrylate 80-62-6		Group 3		

Legend

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 3 IARC components are "not classifiable as human carcinogens"

STOT - Single Exposure May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Numerical Measures of Toxicity

Not determined

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Ecotoxicity**

Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Methyl methacrylate 80-62-6	170: 96 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50	243 - 275: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow- through 125.5 - 190.7: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 170 - 206: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 flow-through 153.9 - 341.8: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static 79: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 flow-through 79: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 static 326.4 - 426.9: 96 h Poecilia reticulata mg/L LC50 static		69: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50

Persistence and Degradability

Not readily biodegradable Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD): 88% (28 days) Inherent Biodegradation: Dissolved Organic Carbon Removal (DOC Removal): >95% (28 days)

Bioaccumulation

Not determined

Mobility

Potential for mobility in soil is very high

Chemical Name	Partition Coefficient
Methyl methacrylate 80-62-6	0.7

Other Adverse Effects

Not determined

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste Treatment Methods**

Disposal of Wastes Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Do not reuse container. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Methyl methacrylate 80-62-6	U162	Included in waste stream: F039		U162

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Methyl methacrylate 80-62-6	Toxic Ignitable

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, including exemptions and special circumstances.

DOT

UN/ID No UN1247
Proper Shipping Name Methyl methacrylate monomer, stabilized
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II
Reportable Quantity (RQ) 1000 lbs

IATA

UN/ID No UN1247
Proper Shipping Name Methyl methacrylate monomer, stabilized
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

IMDG

UN/ID No UN1247
Proper Shipping Name Methyl methacrylate monomer, stabilized
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**International Inventories**

Not Determined

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations**CERCLA**

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Methyl methacrylate 80-62-6	1000 lb		RQ 1000 lb final RQ RQ 454 kg final RQ

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire hazard	Yes
Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	Yes

SARA 313

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Methyl methacrylate - 80-62-6	80-62-6	>98	1.0

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Methyl methacrylate 80-62-6 (>98)	1000 lb			X

US State Regulations**U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations**

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Methyl methacrylate 80-62-6	X	X	X

16. OTHER INFORMATION

<u>NFPA</u>	Health Hazards	Flammability	Instability	Special Hazards Not determined
	2	3	2	Personal Protection Not determined
<u>HMIS</u>	Health Hazards	Flammability	Physical Hazards	Protection Not determined
	2	3	2	

Issue Date	13-Apr-2011
Revision Date	10-May-2013
Revision Note	New format

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet